

# Human Factor VII Activity Kit

#### Vertrieb:

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#### Hinweis/Note:

Der Packungsbeileger dient nur als erste Information. Der relevante Packungsbeileger liegt der Ware bei.

The datasheet is only a first information. The relevant datasheet is included with the product.

For any questions regarding troubleshooting or performing the assay, please contact our support team at <u>support@assaypro.com</u>.

Thank you for choosing Assaypro.

## **Assay Summary**

Add 100 µl of Standard/ Sample per well. Incubate 2 hours at room temperature.

Wash, then add 80 µl of Assay Mix per well. Incubate 30 minutes at 37°C.

Add 20 μl of Factor Xa Substrate per well. Read the absorbance at 405 nm at zero minutes for background O.D.

Read every 5 minutes at 405 nm up to 30 minutes.

## Assay Template

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# AssaySense Human Factor VII (FVII) Chromogenic Activity Kit

Catalog No. CF1007 Sample Insert/Reference Only

#### Introduction

Factor VII (FVII) is a vitamin K-dependent plasma glycoprotein that is synthesized in the liver and circulates in blood as a single-chain inactive zymogen with a molecular mass of 50 kDa (1). Upon tissue damage and vascular injury, the cell surface receptor and cofactor tissue factor (TF) binds and allosterically activates FVII to its active form, FVIIa. The TF/FVIIa complex catalyzes the conversion of both factor IX to factor IXa and factor X to factor Xa to initiate coagulation via the extrinsic pathway (2, 3). Very low levels of FVII are associated with severe coagulation disorders (4). Elevated plasma levels of FVII coagulant activity constitute an independent risk factor for fatal outcomes of coronary heart disease in middle-aged men (5).

## **Principle of Assay**

The AssaySense Human Factor VII (FVII) Chromogenic Activity Kit is developed to determine human FVII activity in plasma, serum, and cell culture supernatant samples. The assay couples immunofunctional and indirect amidolytic assay. An antibody specific for human FVII has been pre-coated onto a 96-well microplate with removable strips, and active FVII is bound to the immobilized antibody. The assay measures the ability of lipoprotein TF/FVIIa to activate factor X (FX) to factor Xa. The amidolytic activity of the TF/FVIIa complex is quantitated by the amount of FXa produced using a highly specific FXa substrate releasing a yellow para-nitroaniline (pNA) chromophore. The change in absorbance of the pNA at 405 nm is directly proportional to the FVII enzymatic activity.

#### **Caution and Warning**

- Prepare all reagents as instructed, prior to running the assay.
- Prepare all samples prior to running the assay. The dilution factors for the samples are suggested in this protocol. However, the user should determine the optimal dilution factor.
- This kit is for research use only.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date.

• All human source materials have been tested and found to be negative to HbsAg, HIV-1 and HCV by FDA approved methods.

#### Reagents

- Human FVII Microplate: One 96-well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a polyclonal antibody against human FVII.
- **Sealing Tapes:** Each kit contains 3 precut, pressure sensitive sealing tapes that can be cut to fit the format of the individual assay.
- Human FVII Standard: 1 vial, lyophilized (0.26 IU).
- **EIA Diluent Concentrate (10x)**: A 10-fold concentrated buffered protein base (30 ml).
- Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x): A 20-fold concentrated buffered surfactant (30 ml).
- Assay Diluent: A ready to use diluent (20 ml).
- **rhTF (lipoprotein):** Recombinant human TF lipoprotein, 1 vial, lyophilized.
- Human FX: 1 vial, lyophilized.
- **FXa Substrate:** 2 vials, lyophilized.

#### **Storage Condition**

- Upon arrival, immediately store components of the kit at recommended temperatures up to the expiration date.
- Store FVII Standard, FX, rhTF, and FXa Substrate at -20°C.
- Store Microplate, Assay Diluent, EIA Diluent Concentrate (10x), and Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x) at 2-8°C.
- Unused microplate wells may be returned to the foil pouch with the desiccant packs and resealed. May be stored for up to 30 days in a vacuum desiccator.
- EIA Diluent (1x) and Wash Buffer (1x) may be stored for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.

#### **Other Supplies Required**

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 405 nm.
- Pipettes (1-20 μl, 20-200 μl, 200-1000 μl, and multiple channel).
- Deionized or distilled reagent grade water.
- Incubator (37°C).

#### Sample Collection, Preparation and Storage

• **Plasma:** Collect plasma using one-tenth volume of 0.1 M sodium citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples at 3000 x g for 10 minutes. Dilute sample 1:16 with EIA Diluent or within the range of 1:4 to 1:32,

and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored for up to 3 months at - 20°C or below. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles (EDTA can also be used as an anticoagulant).

- Serum: Samples should be collected into a serum separator tube. After clot formation, centrifuge samples at 3000 x g for 10 minutes and remove serum. Dilute sample 1:16 with EIA Diluent or within the range of 1:4 1:32, and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored for up to 3 months at -20°C or below. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Cell Culture Supernatants:** Collect cell culture media and centrifuge at 3000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C to remove debris and assay. Samples can be stored at -20°C or below. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

### **Reagent Preparation**

- Freshly dilute all reagents and bring all reagents to room temperature before use.
- **EIA Diluent Concentrate (10x):** If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the EIA Diluent Concentrate 1:10 with reagent grade water. Store for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- Standard Curve: Reconstitute the Human FVII Standard (0.26 IU, 91 ng) with 1.3 ml of EIA Diluent to generate a 0.2 IU/ml standard solution. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Prepare duplicate or triplicate standard points by serially diluting the standard solution (0.2 IU/ml) 1:2 with EIA Diluent to produce 0.1, 0.05, 0.025, and 0.0125 IU/ml solutions. EIA Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 IU/ml). Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C and used within 30 days.

| Standard<br>Point | Dilution                       | [FVII]<br>(IU/ml) |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| P1                | Standard (0.2 IU/ml)           | 0.2000            |
| P2                | 1 part P1 + 1 part EIA Diluent | 0.1000            |
| P3                | 1 part P2 + 1 part EIA Diluent | 0.0500            |
| P4                | 1 part P3 + 1 part EIA Diluent | 0.0250            |
| P5                | 1 part P4 + 1 part EIA Diluent | 0.0125            |
| P6                | EIA Diluent                    | 0.0000            |

- Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x): If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:20 with reagent grade water.
- **rhTF:** Add 1.2 ml of reagent grade water. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C and used within 30 days.

- **Human FX:** Add 1.2 ml reagent grade water. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C and used within 30 days.
- **FXa Substrate**: Add 1.1 ml of reagent grade water. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C and used within 30 days.

#### **Assay Procedure**

- Prepare all reagents, working standards, and samples as instructed. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. The assay is performed at room temperature for specific sample binding and at 37°C for chromogenic activity assay. Seal the plate with sealing tape at each step.
- Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and return them immediately to the foil pouch with desiccants inside. Reseal the pouch securely and store in a vacuum desiccator to minimize exposure to water vapor.
- Add 100  $\mu$ l of Human FVII Standard or sample per well. Cover wells and incubate for 2 hours. Start the timer after the last addition.
- Wash five times with 200 µl of Wash Buffer manually. Invert the plate each time and decant the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid. If using a machine wash, six times with 300 µl of Wash Buffer and then invert the plate, decanting the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid.
- Freshly prepare the desired volume of the <u>Assay Mix</u> by combining the following reagents according to the number of wells in the assay (n) plus one.

| <u>Reagents</u> | <u>n=1</u> |
|-----------------|------------|
| Assay Diluent   | 60 µl      |
| rhTF            | 10 µl      |
| FX              | 10 µl      |

- Add 80  $\mu l$  of the Assay Mix to each well. Mix gently. Incubate at 37°C for 30 minutes.
- Add 20 μl of FXa Substrate to each well and mix gently. Read the absorbance at 405 nm at zero minutes for background O.D. Seal the plate with sealing tape and incubate at 37°C.
- Read the absorbance at 405 nm every 5 minutes for 30 minutes.

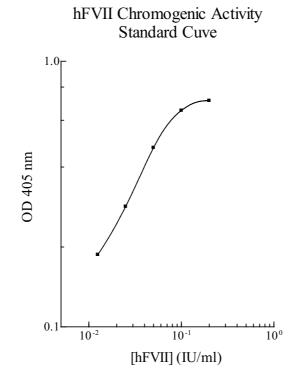
| Standard or sample  | 100 μl |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Incubate at room temperature, 2 hours   |        |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wash as described above   |        |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assay Mix   | 80 µl  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Incubate at 37°C, 30 minutes  |        |  |  |  |  |  |
| FXa Substrate   | 20 μl  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Read the absorbance at 405 nm at zero minutes for background O.D.                   |        |  |  |  |  |  |
| <i>Incubate 37°C,</i> read the absorbance at 405 nm every 5 minutes for 30 minutes. |        |  |  |  |  |  |

### **Data Analysis**

- Calculate the mean value of the duplicate or triplicate for each standard and sample.
- To generate a standard curve from the initial reaction time, plot the graph using the standard concentrations on the x-axis and the corresponding mean 405 nm absorbance or change in absorbance per minute ( $\Delta A$ /min) on the y-axis. The best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis of the linear portion of the curve.
- Determine the unknown sample concentration from the Standard Curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

### **Standard Curve**

• The curve is provided for illustration only. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed



#### **Performance Characteristics**

- The minimum detectable dose of FVII is typically ~ 0.01 IU/ml.
- This assay recognizes both natural and recombinant human FVII.

#### **Reference Value**

• Normal human factor VII plasma levels range from 0.5 to 2 IU/ml.

#### Note

• Conversion of International Units to nanograms: 1 IU/ml = 350 ng/ml

#### References

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- (2) Bajaj, S.P. et al. (1981) J. Biol. Chem. 256:253
- (3) Kisiel, W. et al. (1975) Biochemistry 14:4928
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- (5) Junker, R. et al. (1997) Arterioscler. Thromb. Vasc. Biol 17:1539

Version 5.5